

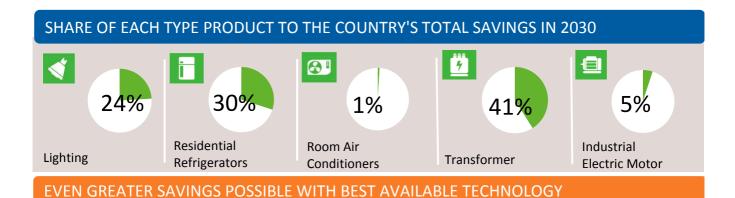
Tajikistan





Energy efficiency benefits from lighting, residential refrigerators, room air conditioners, power and distribution transformers and industrial electric motors with the implementation of globally benchmarked minimum energy performance standards.

ANNUAL SAVING	GS IN 2030
	Reduce electricity use
	→ by over 1 TWh
	→ 4.9% of future national electricity use
ààà	Save electricity worth 20 Million USD
	equivalent to 2 Power Plants [100MW]
CO ₂	Reduce CO ₂ emissions by 20 Thousand Tonnes
	equivalent to 9 Thousand Passenger Cars



6.0 Business As Usual Case (BAU Scenario) Best Current Global Minimum Energy Performance Standards (Policy Scenario) 5.8 Current Best Available Technology (BAT Scenario) Energy Consumption (TWh) 5.6 5.4 1.0 TWh 5.2 5.0 1.4 TWh 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2

2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030

4.0

THE PATHWAY TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY





ANNUAL SAVINGS IN 2025 AND 2030											
		Lighting		Residential Refrigerators		Room Air Conditioners		Transformers		Industrial Electric Motors	
		2025	2030	2025	2030	2025	2030	2025	2030	2025	2030
	Electricity (GWh)	237.0	240.4	140.6	297.3	2.9	5.9	217.9	409.0	26.1	52.5
ååå	Electricity Bills (thousand US\$)	4,762.9	4,831.4	2,826.1	5,976.0	58.2	119.2	4,379.3	8,220.4	1,146.7	2,309.3
CO2	CO2 Emissions (tonnes)	4,104.7	4,163.7	2,435.5	5,150.1	50.2	102.7	3,268.1	6,134.6	451.4	909.1

CUMULATIVE SAVINGS (2020 - 2030)							
		4			7		
		Lighting	Residential Refrigerators	Room Air Conditioners	Transformers	Industrial Electric Motors	
0	Electricity (TWh)	2.1	1.6	0.0	2.4	0.3	
ååå	Electricity Bills (million US\$)	41.3	31.8	0.7	48.6	12.7	
CO ₂	CO2 Emissions (thousand tonnes)	35.6	27.4	0.6	36.2	5.0	

OTHER BENEFITS IN 2030



Direct GHG emissions reduced by



46 Thousand Tonnes

ENERGY EFFICIENCY STRATEGY AND NATIONALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION

Law "On Energy Efficiency and energy saving" adopted on September 19 2013, has provisions for introducing mandatory energy audits, establishing procurement procedures that incorporate criteria on energy efficiency, and requirements for energy use in buildings

and household appliances, etc. Decree of the President of April 24, 2009 № 653:additional measures for economical use of energy and energy saving which helped to increase energy efficiency and energy saving in the country. A Technical Committee "Energy saving and energy management" was established in 2012, currently developing standards in the area of buildings, energy-using products, and renewable energy.

Country Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC): A conditional target of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in the Republic of Tajikistan 65-75% of the 1990 level by 2030, which amounts to 1.2-1.7 tons in CO2 equivalent per capita.

Country Specific Data and Input Assumptions

For Tajikistan



GENERAL INFORMATION	
Population	8.5 million
GDP per capita	2,567 US\$
Electrification level	100%
CO2 Emission Factor	0.015 kg / kWh

ELECTRICITY MARKET					
Residential Electricity tariff	0.020 US\$ / kWh				
Industrial Electricity tariff	0.044 US\$ / kWh				
Transmission and	13.41%				
distribution loss factor					

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Product		Unit Energy Co	onsumption (kWh/yea	Type of Product	
		BAU Policy Scenario BAT			Type of Froduct
4	Lighting	65.7	15.3	8.8	Low incandescent Lamp,3h/day; 14W CFL; 8W LED
	Residential Refrigerators	625	212	139	2-door top-mount Average size 300 liters
	Room Air Conditioners	565	461	302	Split unit with 3.5 kW cooling capacity
<u>#</u>	Transformers	N/A	SEAD Tier3	SEAD Tier5	three-phase and single-phase liquid- filled and three-phase dry-type power and distribution transformer
	Industrial Electric Motors	IE1/IE0	IE3	IE4	3-phase induction motors Ranging from: 0.75 - 7.5 kW; 7.5 - 75 kW;75 - 375 kW

METHODOLOGY

The analysis uses CLASP's and Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory's Policy Analysis Modeling System (PAMS) to forecast the impacts from implementing policies that improve the energy efficiency of new household air conditioners and refrigerators. For lighting, electric motors, and power and distribution transformers individual - models were developed, taking into account country level data, expected GDP growth, and industrialization levels. The savings potential assumes minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) are implemented in 2020 at level equivalent to the present day (2015) best global MEPS that are currently implemented. The graph on page two also shows the savings potential that is possible with the implementation of MEPS in 2020 at level equivalent to the present day best available technology (BAT).

ASSUMPTIONS AND DATA SOURCES

- Population and GDP per capita data (2014) comes from the World Bank.
- Electrification levels come from the International Energy Agency (IEA).
- Market size was determined by data provided by industry partners; UN Comtrade database; household penetration forecasts generated by PAMS from population, climate, and macroeconomic indicators.
- Future electricity consumption was calculated using current consumption figures provided by the IEA and the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA).
- Baseline price, unit energy consumption (UEC), appliance lifetime were provided by country representatives (when available); industry partners; and Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory. The business-as-usual scenario assumes a 1 per cent annual improvement in UEC.
- Electricity tariffs were provided by the IEA; and Internet research.
- Transmission and distribution loss factor is a regional average calculated from electricity production and consumption data published by the IEA.
- CO2 emission factor came from the IEA and extrapolations were made for countries lacking data.
- Consumer discount rate was derived from the Human Development Index, United Nations Development Programme (2012).
- The approach of calculating the potential direct emission saving of refrigerators and air conditioners: the typical current mix of refrigerants fillings, leakage rates and end of life emissions in the BAU compared to the best alternative with natural refrigerants (mostly R290 for splits and R600a for domestic refrigerators).
- Additional to the above sources, a questionnaire was used to gather data from country officials.















